POA - PROVINCIAL SNAPSHOT OFFENCES ACT

FOR 20

(Court Services)



POA services cost **\$87.83** per charge

COURT Administration Clerks process

CHARGES

PCRT222 (SERVICE LEVEL)



PCRT310 (EFFICIENCY)

KEEP IN MIND: Influencing Factors

Influencing factors can create variances in comparison data from year-to-year and from municipality-to-municipality.



Charges & Cost Structures Parking vs. non-parking charges; unique municipal costs and ability to account for true service delivery cost



Enforcement Enforcement is beyond the control of the Court Administration and is dependent on enforcement staffing and prioritization of resources



Geographic Location

Municipalities with large population of seasonal residents, cross-border location or proximity to 400 series highways may have disproportionate offences



Judiciary Controls

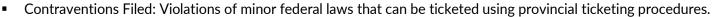
Municipalities do not control allocation of court time to municipal courts.

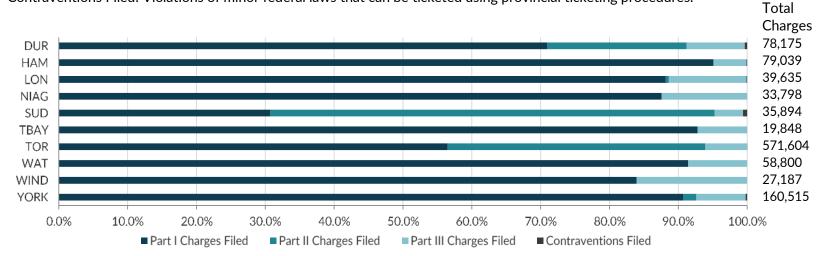
For a full description of influencing factors. please go to: www.mbncanada.ca

Fig. 25.1 Total Number of Charges Filed by Type - Percent Distribution

This figure identifies 4 types of charges filed:

- Part I Charges Filed: Often referred to as a "ticketing" process, and is used for less serious offences. The defendant has 3 options: pay the fine, meet with prosecutor/walk-in guilty plea or request a trial.
- Part II Charges Filed: Very similar to the Part I process, except that Part II applies exclusively to parking offences. The defendant has 2 options: pay the fine or request a trial.
- Part III Charges Filed: Used for more serious offences. The defendant must appear before a Justice of the Peace and has 2 options: resolve the charge(s) or request a trial. The charge cannot be resolved through the payment of a set fine.





MUNICIPALITY	Part I Charges Filed			Part II Charges Filed			Part III Charges Filed			Contraventions Filed		
	2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017
DUR	58,438	58,629	55,484	13,109	14,061	15,804	5,850	5,747	6,612	385	330	275
HAM	82,249	79,981	75,171	N/A	N/A	N/A	3,774	3,783	3,800	25	54	68
LON	42,988	36,642	34,953	27	62	172	4,178	4,423	4,475	24	51	35
NIAG	42,689	34,202	29,602	N/A	N/A	N/A	5,292	4,474	4,196	0	0	0
SUD	N/A	14,007	11,032	N/A	18,426	23,157	N/A	1,630	1,492	N/A	185	213
TBAY	22,788	19,948	18,419	0	0	0	1,267	1,336	1,429	N/A	N/A	N/A
TOR	311,105	312,785	322,940	231,254	237,444	213,964	32,069	36,698	34,630	111	107	70
WAT	54,371	54,332	53,772	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,579	4,877	5,028	0	0	0
WIND	25,265	24,260	22,818	N/A	N/A	N/A	3,991	4,295	4,369	N/A	N/A	N/A
YORK	146,717	137,355	145,647	2,904	2,766	3,012	11,876	12,303	11,491	317	306	365
MEDIAN	54,371	45,487	44,363	2,904	8,414	9,408	4,579	4,449	4,422	25	81	69
Source: PCRT810A (Statistic)				Source: PCRT810B (Statistic)			Source: PCRT810C (Statistic)			Source: PCRT810D (Statistic)		

Fig. 25.2 Number of Charges Filed per Court Administration Clerk



Source: PCRT222 (Service Level)

Fig. 25.3 Total Cost of POA Services per Charge Filed

This measure reflects the total cost to administer POA Services on a per charge basis.



Source: PCRT305T (Efficiency)

Niagara: Increase can be attributed to capital-related costs of new court facility.

Windsor: The number of charges declined in 2017, while collection costs increased.

Fig. 25.4 Defaulted Collection Rate

The Provincial Offences Act (POA) gives defendants charged with offences three options: (1) to pay fine, (2) dispute the charge through early resolution, or (3) request a trial. If a defendant fails to choose one of these 3 options or fails to pay the fine imposed by the court following early resolution or trial, the fine goes into default. POA fines are debts to the Crown and therefore remain in default until paid. This measure tracks how successful Ontario municipalities, with POA responsibilities, are in collecting defaulted fines using a variety of collection methods, including but not limited to collection agencies, tax rolls, license suspension and plate denial.



Source: PCRT310 (Efficiency)

London: The increase in 2015 can be attributed to the number of defaulted cases, most notably in the 0-\$500 range, representing the highest success rate of collection.

Thunder Bay: Does not report - technology restrictions.